

Partnership Overview

Partnership with Clarke to develop Bio-Gene's novel insecticide technology Flavocide™ and Qcide™ for use in public health mosquito control

Recently announced partnership with Clarke represents major milestone in Public Health vertical



Partnership represents critical milestone in Public Health commercialisation strategy



Clarke is the worlds leading integrated mosquito control, research and solutions provider



MTA testing data supports existing mosquito control data



Focus on developing novel insecticide technology for use in North, South and Central America



Second partnership deal following stored grain pest control partnership with BASF / GRDC



Substantial commercial opportunity across >A\$6.3bn public Health insecticide market

Partnership Overview

New agreement will focus on evolving formulations for both Flavocide™ and Qcide™ for use in mosquito control in North, South & Central America



Partnership Overview

A Material Transfer Agreement (MTA) was signed in Aug-19 with Clarke to allow initial testing of Flavocide and Qcide on three significant mosquito species:

- 1) Anopheles Gambiae
- 2) Aedes Aegypti
- 3) Culex



Clarke's internal testing supports Purdue University data showing control of these mosquito species



Partnership to focus on formulation development for Flavocide and Qcide, in combination with other active ingredients to determine best options for a commercial product



Opportunity to expand into other markets with other stakeholders, including NGOs and philanthropists



Second partnership for BGT following the stored grain pest control partnership with BASF / GRDC announced in Sep-19

Bio-Gene's technology addresses market needs

Our proprietary chemistry represents a step-change for resistant pest control



Safe Chemistry

- Flavocide™ is a 'nature identical mimic' of a natural compound that can be mass produced for vector control
- Low toxicity to bees & beneficial insects, favourable safety profile for use

Efficacy

Testing to date confirms potential for controlling resistant pests across multiple markets

Novel Mode of Action

 Operates via a novel Mode of Action, potentially addressing resistance to other classes of chemistry

Scalability

Production processes are refined, scale-up in progress

Synergies & Combinations

Proven synergy in combinations with synthetic pyrethroids – the most commonly used mosquito insecticides



Control of Multiple Generations

Potential to impact pest populations by controlling adults and offspring

About Clarke

The largest vertically integrated company serving the public health mosquito control market

Clarke Overview

- Expert in product development, registration, manufacturing, sales and service
- Played a front-line role in nearly every major US based mosquitoborne disease outbreak since West Nile Virus in 1999
- 2016: Lead response in US to Zika outbreak
- 2019: Aided multiple US regions to combat Eastern Equine Encephalitis



Founded	Offices	Headquarters
1946	21	Illinois, USA

Vertically Integrated Service Offering

Mosquito Control Products

 Adulticide and Larvicide active ingredients and formulations for public health mosquito control, with a strong focus on NextGen and low toxicity green chemistries

Mosquito Equipment

 Application equipment, field and surveillance tools and data management for recording, mapping, managing and reporting mosquito control data

Mosquito Control Services

• Public, commercial and residential mosquito control services, including emergency responses to disease outbreak

Bio-Gene Commercialisation pathway

Capitalise on the results achieved to date to create opportunities for commercial development

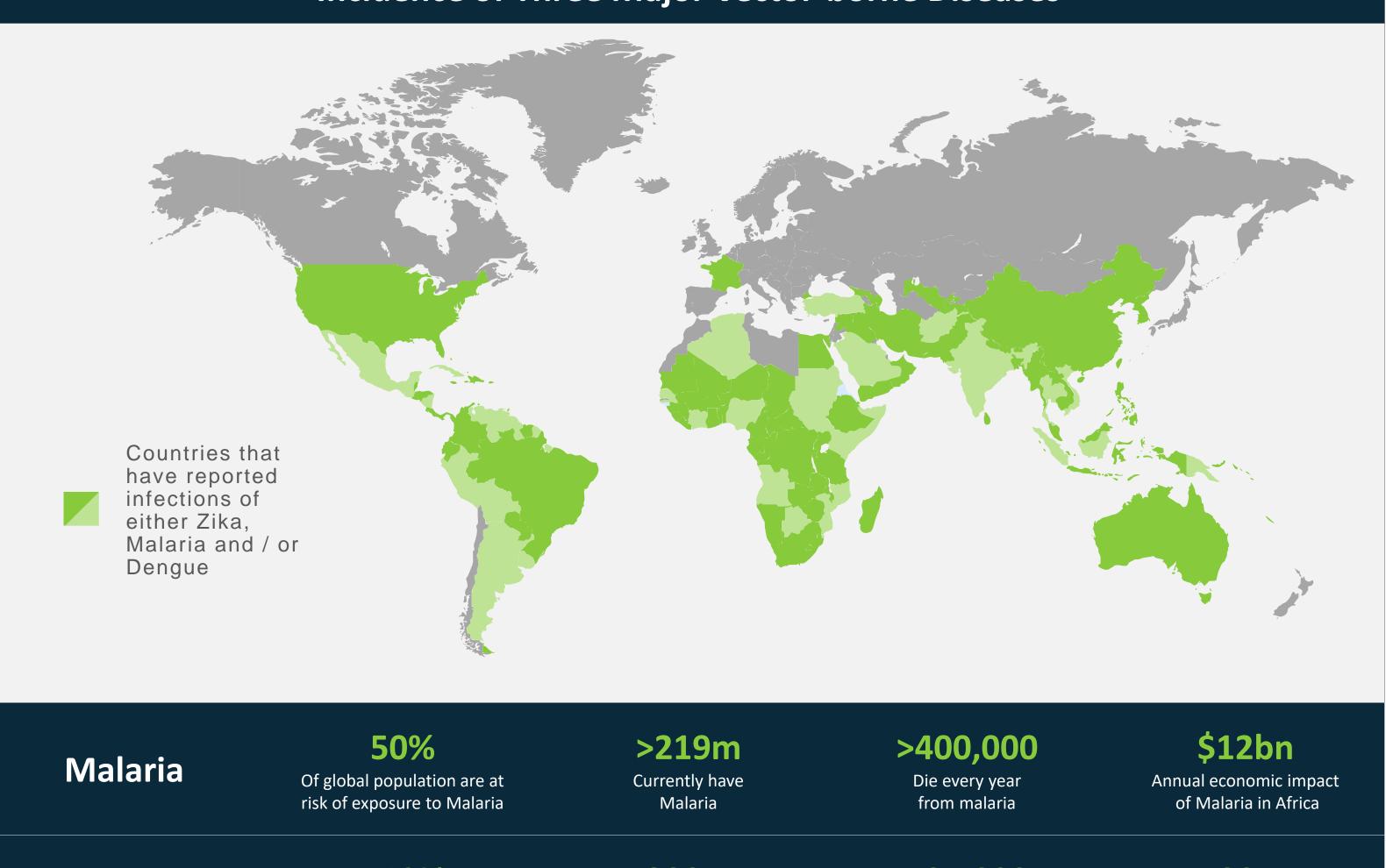
Strategic approach	Progress
 In-house Testing & Data Generation Suite of data now well developed, with compelling evidence efficacy of Flavocide against key pests 	of Well Progressed
 Progress Commercial Discussions Globally Progress several more Material Transfer Agreements (MTA) Now pursuing discussions with Corporates, NGO's, Philanthropic & Gov Agencies 	's) 7 MTA's in Place Across all Verticals
 Exclusive Partnership Arrangements – across multiple markets Public Health partnership for North, South and Central Amer signed Stored Grain partnership for Australia signed 	CCCCKE* I = BASF We create chemistry GRDC GRAINS RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
Commercial Deals Progress towards more formal agreements and development plans with key partners to enable commercialisation of our technology	Progressing



The increasing problem of global vector-borne diseases

Major vector-borne diseases account for 17% of the estimated global burden of communicable diseases & claim >700,000 lives every year

Incidence of Three Major Vector-borne Diseases



Malaria	50% Of global population are at risk of exposure to Malaria	>219m Currently have Malaria	>400,000 Die every year from malaria	\$12bn Annual economic impact of Malaria in Africa
Dengue	>40% Live in an area at risk of Dengue Fever	390m Dengue infections annually	>25,000 Deaths from Dengue each year	30x Increase in dengue in past 50-years
Zika	\$10m Lifetime healthcare cost for child infected in utero	86 Countries reported mosquito- borne Zika virus at Feb 2018	76 Reported detections in Australia	\$1.1bn Provided by US Congress in 2016 to combat zika

Vector-borne diseases are a growing problem



Prof. Catherine Hill BGT Scientific Advisor



- Purdue University,
 Department of Entomology
- Showalter Faculty Scholar
- President's Fellow for the Life Sciences
- Authority in new insecticide development & novel chemistry

"The issue of vector-borne disease is a rapidly growing global problem due to increasing insecticide resistance, population growth, urbanisation, travel, and climate change.

Currently more than half of the world's population is at risk of vector-borne diseases. Globally there are more than 200 million cases of malaria and over 400,000 people die from the disease every year, most of them children under the age of five.

Zika virus has been declared a global health emergency, and death due to dengue fever has increased 30-fold in the last 50 years. Collectively, it is estimated that mosquito-borne diseases such as malaria, dengue, zika claim over 700,000 deaths every year. In addition, these diseases are known to exacerbate poverty and prevent economic development.

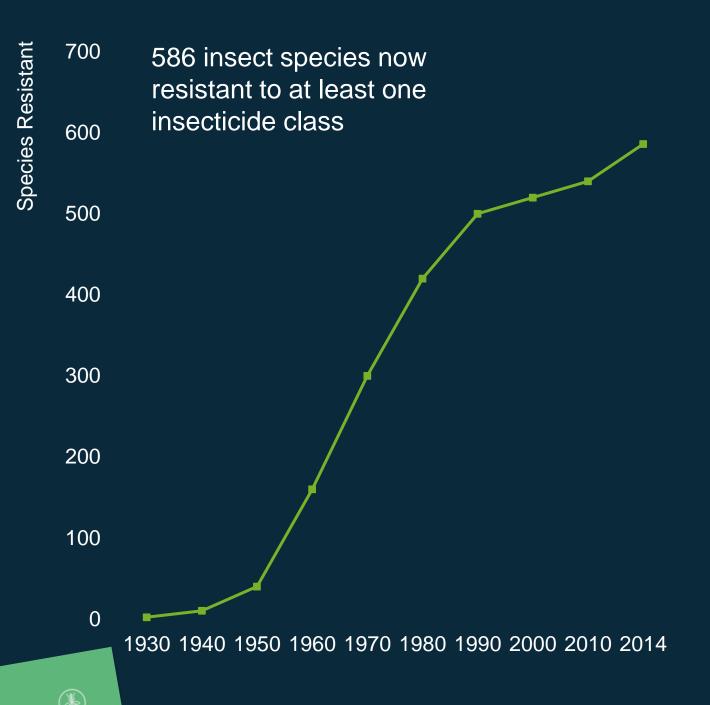
Unfortunately, the effectiveness of currently used insecticides is diminishing due to resistance."

Insecticide resistance

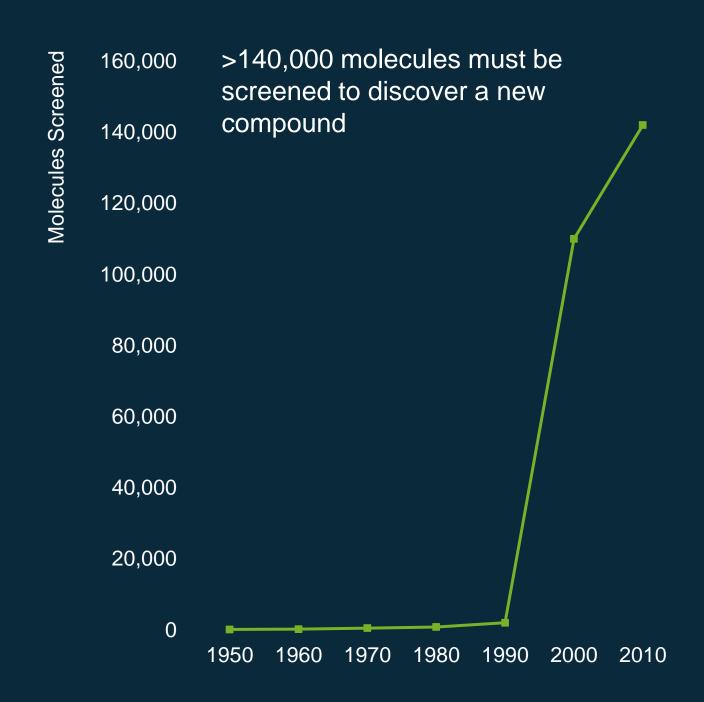
Resistance is rapidly increasing while our ability to find a solution diminishes



Increasing number of resistant species



New insecticides are increasingly elusive



Global report on insecticide resistance in malaria vectors: 2010–2016



World Health Organization

Widespread resistance has been recorded in all major malaria vectors across the four most commonly used insecticide classes:

- Pyrethroids
- Organochlorine
- Carbamates
- Organophosphates



New solutions are needed to address resistance & toxicity

Increasing incidence of resistance threatens effectiveness of existing controls

Significant concern over the toxicity of existing and new insecticides to the environment

EU bans a number of Neonicotinoids, (the most widely used insecticide class) for outdoor use due to bee safety concerns

EU agrees total ban on bee-harming pesticides

The world's most widely used insecticides will be banned from all



The European Union will ban the world's most widely used insecticides from all fields due to the serious danger they pose to bees.

The ban on neonicotinoids, approved by member nations on Friday, is expected to come into force by the end of 2018 and will mean they can only

Bees and other insects are vital for global food production as they pollinate three-quarters of all crops. The plummeting numbers of pollinators in recent years has been blamed, in part, on the widespread use of pesticides. The EU banned the use of neonicotinoids on flowering crops that attract bees, such

theguardian

Malaria menace: when insecticide-



MAN VS. MOSQUITO: AT The front lines of a Public Health War



ENVIRONMENT

Insect 'apocalypse' in U.S. driven by 50x increase in toxic pesticides

attack by the very plants they feed on as U.S. agriculture continues to use chemicals known

The Washington Post

Malaria is getting bigger and badder — and we're not ready for it



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

In the Fight Against Zika, Insecticides Hit a 'Dead End' Because of high costs and low rewards of Zika-elimination business, the world is running out of insecticides that work



By Jacob Bunge and Betsy McKay

Health workers have a thinning arsenal of insecticides capable of killing mosquitoes that carry Zika and similar viruses as the Southern Hemisphere's summer begins and as

The New York Times



The New York Times

Philippines Declares a National Dengue Epidemic





These tiny pests adapt so successfully to changing conditions that they have become humankind's deadliest predator. We might

Infectious diseases spread via mosquitoes

Resistance to commonly used insecticides is evident in all key mosquito species; hampering efforts to control disease worldwide

		Mosquito Species			
		Aedes sp.	Anopheles sp.	Culex sp.	
	Zika Virus	✓	-	-	42 countries
	Dengue Fever	✓	_	-	390m infections
ried	Yellow Fever	✓	_	-	30,000 deaths
Disease Carried	Malaria	-		-	219m infections
Dise	West Nile Virus	-	-	✓	47 states in the US with infections
	Chikungunya	✓	-	-	2019 cases in Ethiopia, Thailand & Brazil
	Ross River	-	_	✓	5,000 infections annually in Australia
p	Organochlorines	×	×	×	Discovered 1930
Recorde	Organophosphates	×	×	×	Discovered 1944
Resistance Recorded	Pyrethroids	×	×	×	Discovered 1977
Re	Carbamates	×	×	×	Discovered 1950

Legend



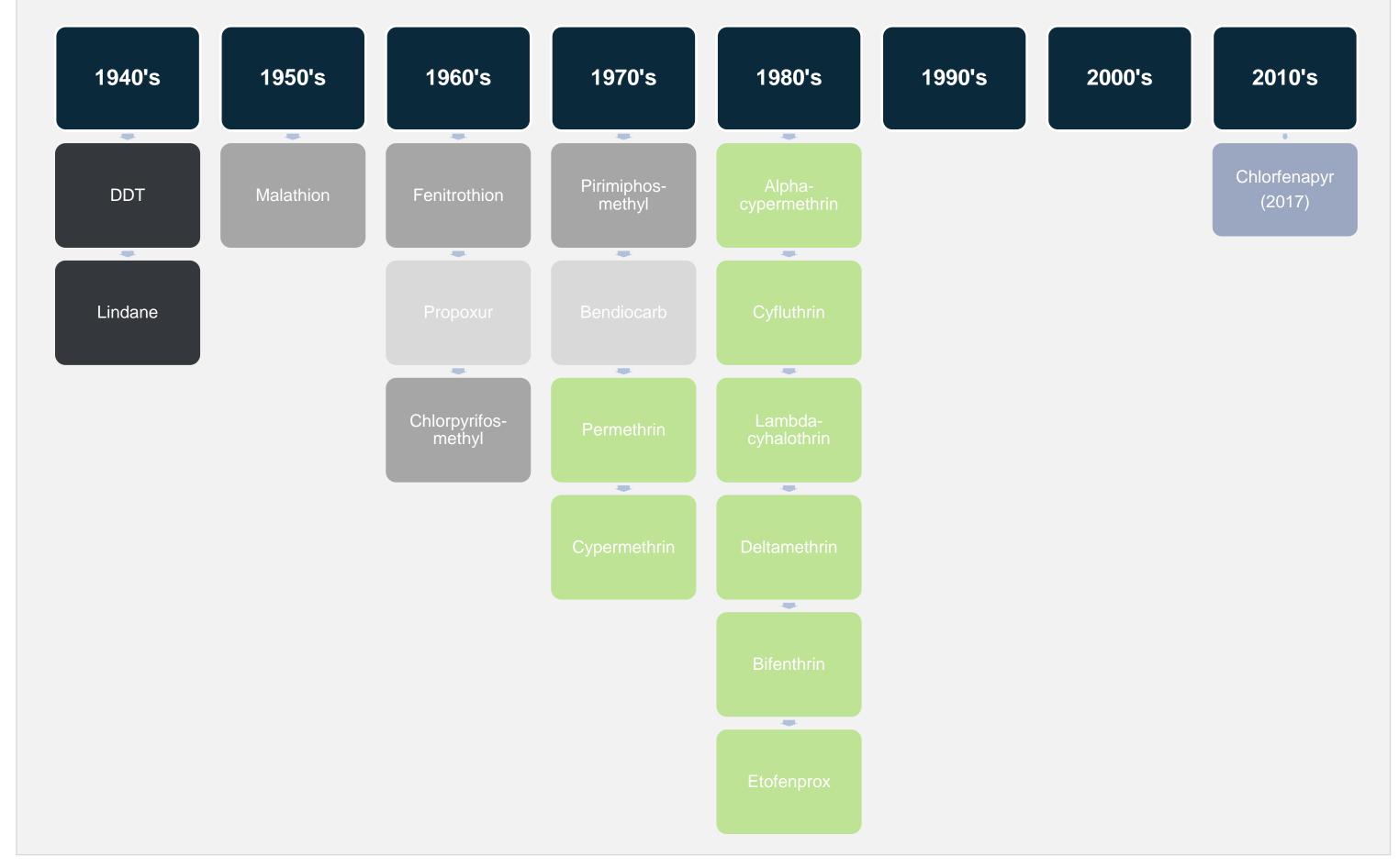
X Resistance recorded

Malaria mosquito resistance

Widespread resistance is leading to multiple incidences of failure to prevent Malaria outbreaks

Nearly all insecticide classes used for malaria mosquito control are over 40-years old, with the vast majority now experiencing resistance and toxicity issues

History of WHO-approved insecticides for adult Malaria Mosquito control

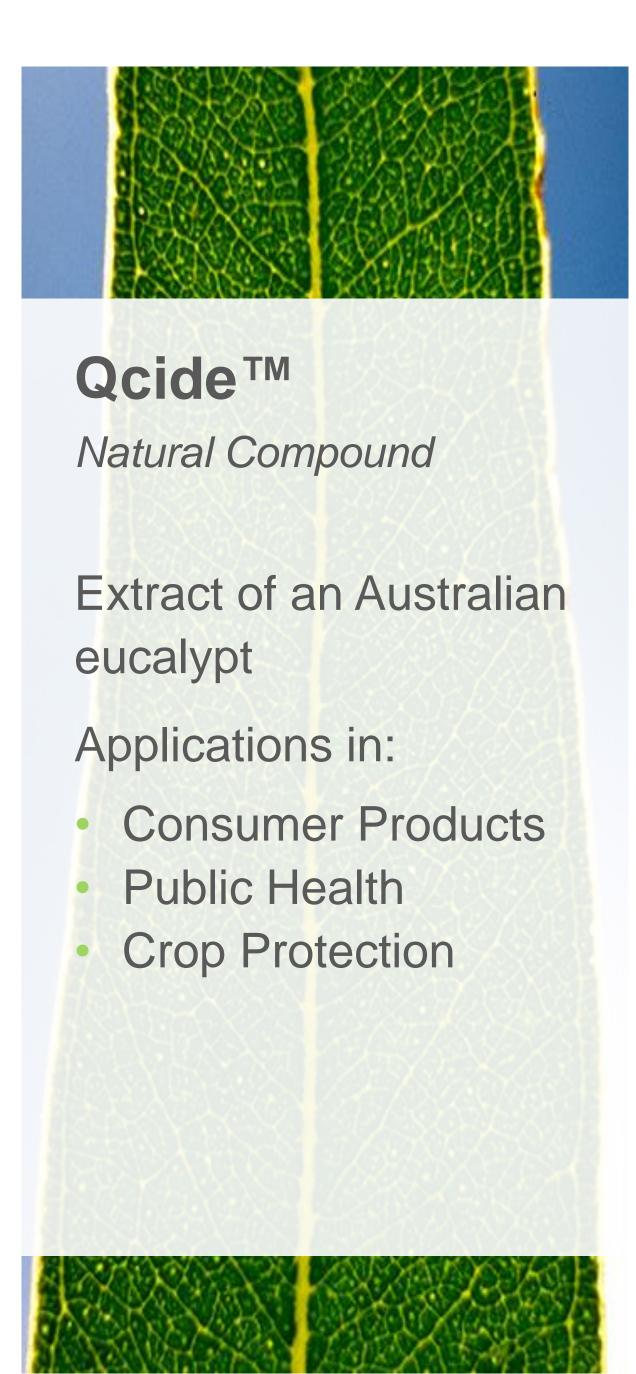


	Organochlorines	Organophosphates	Carbamates	Pyrethroids	Pyrroles
Toxicity	Banned in agriculture	Yes. Monitoring recommended	Yes	Low	Low
Resistance	Yes, and cross resistance with pyrethroids	Yes, and cross resistance with carbamates	Yes, and cross resistance with organophosphates	Widespread Global Resistance	Limited Use



Bio-Gene has two unique compounds

Novel platform technology based on a naturally occurring class of chemicals known as Beta-Triketones





Bio-Gene has four major target verticals

Two Partnership Agreements in Stored Grain and Public Health

Seven MTA's in place across all four target verticals



Crop Protection



Stored Grain



Public Health



Consumer Products

Total addressable market of US\$25.1bn

Australian stored grain pest control partnership trial

All key representatives aligned on stored grain partnership trial - commenced Jan 2020

	Contribution	About
D-BASF	Funding, market access & regulatory expertise	BASF world's largest chemical company and leading developer of new chemistry to the agriculture sector
Queensland Government Department of Agriculture and Fisheries	Research	Department of Agriculture & Fisheries, Queensland Government (DAF), recognised experts in field of resistant stored grain pests
GRDC GRAINS RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	Funding & industry validation	Grains Research & Development Corporation (GRDC) Australia's national grains RD&E body, committed to developing new technology
BIO-GENE TECHNOLOGY LTD	Technology, funding & expertise	Bio-Gene provides patented, nature identical molecule Flavocide [™] to address the issue of resistant stored grain pests

Investment Highlights

Bio-Gene's technology addresses the needs of a large and growing global problem of pest resistance

Bio-Gene has a compelling value proposition







Cash at Bank of \$3.5m providing 18-month runway



Minimum impact on business from COVID-19 crisis



Third-party validation of technology by tier-1 partners



7 MTA's in place across all verticals with several industry leaders



Natural chemistry is significantly growing in demand by consumers and suppliers



Strong IP Portfolio



\$25.1bn global opportunity across four verticals



Company Snapshot

Capital Structure Shares on Issue 132.9m Share Price (22 Apr 2020) \$0.195 12-month Range \$0.08- \$0.32 Market Cap \$26.0m Cash Balance (19 Mar 2020) \$3.5m

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0.0 Apr-19	Jul-19	Oct-19	Jan-20	0
	Volume	—8	Share Price	
Broker Op	tions			

0.3

Top 5 Shareholders ¹	Holding	(%)
Rumble Nominees Pty Ltd	6.7m	5.0%
Invia Custodian Pty Limited	3.1m	2.3%
Dead Knick Pty Ltd	3.0m	2.3%
Dr Russell Hancock	3.0m	2.3%
Magdajano Pty Ltd	2.9m	1.8%
Top 20 Shareholders	42.9m	32.3%
Top 30 Shareholders	53.7m	40.4%

Broker Options	
Options Issued	4,000,000
Exercise Price	20c
Expiry	24/11/2020

Board & Management



DON BRUMLEY *Non-Executive Chairman*

- 25+ years as a senior partner & leader of Ernst & Young – Oceania
- Significant experience across IPOs, transactions, audit & advising growing entrepreneurial companies



RICHARD JAGGER
CEO & Managing Director

- 20+ years working in agriculture globally
- Most recently employed as Managing Director of Sinochem Australia
- Previously spent 15+ years at Monsanto in various management roles



PETER MAY

Executive Director, R & D

- 20+ years experience in crop protection market with companies Orica & Crop Care Australasia (now Nufarm)
- Founded Xavca, consulted to companies such as Syngenta & Sorex (BASF)
- Former CEO & Chairman of BioProspect (now Medibio, ASX:MEB)



ROBERT KLUPACS

Non-Executive Director

- 30+ years corporate experience in international tech development
- CEO of the Bionics Institute
- Previously MD & CEO of ASX-listed Circadian Technologies Ltd and ES Cell International Pte Ltd
- Registered Australian patent attorney



KEVIN RUMBLE

Non-Executive Director

- Founding Director of Bio-Gene
- 20+ years experience in new plant propagation, farming & live plant transport techniques
- Involved in the development of Qcide[™] & development of Flavesone as a first step in the commercialisation of Flavocide[™]



ROGER MCPHERSON

Chief Financial Officer & Company
Secretary

- 15+ years experience as CFO & Company
 Secretary across both listed & unlisted companies
- Experience in the pharma manufacturing, biotech & biopharma industries
- Previously CFO & Co-Sec of TPI Enterprises (ASX:TPE)

A novel Mode of Action is key to addressing resistance

The Problem

"Mosquito resistance to current insecticides is threatening the huge gains made so far in reducing deaths from malaria, so we desperately need effective chemistry with modes of action new to public health to combat these resistant mosquitoes, and enable rotation with other products"

Dr. Nick HamonChief Executive OfficerInnovative Vector Control Consortium*

The Solution

"Studies undertaken by Neurosolutions have demonstrated Flavocide has a unique mode of action ('MoA'), that differs from other available insecticides. A unique MoA creates the potential to address the ongoing issue of insecticide resistance and control a variety of pest species resistant to currently available chemical entities"

David Spanswick

Professor of Molecular Neurosciences, Warwick University & Neuroscience, Monash University

Chief Scientific Officer and Co-Founder of Neurosolutions and Pacific Discovery Services

Flavocide operates via a novel Mode of Action, addressing resistance to other classes of chemistry

- Insecticides are classified by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee ('IRAC') under their Mode of Action which is the way the insecticide works to control the pest
- Development of insecticides with new MoA's curtail the issue of resistance; but the last significant MoA class introduced was in 2008, Diamides, not currently used to control mosquitos
- Our extensive testing clearly demonstrates that Flavocide has a significantly different MoA from any other class of chemistry used or classified by IRAC

Flavocide mosquito results



Prof. Catherine Hill BGT Scientific Advisor



- Purdue University, Department of Entomology
- Showalter Faculty Scholar
- President's Fellow for the Life Sciences
- Authority in new insecticide development & novel chemistry

Testing Overview

- Bio-Gene has engaged Purdue University, world leaders in vector control, to evaluate Flavocide for control of mosquitoes carrying diseases such as Malaria, Dengue, Zika and West Nile Virus
- Recent studies have involved tarsal assays that demonstrated Flavocide's activity against the malaria vector Anopheles gambiae including resistant strains
- Tarsal assay studies confirmed the potential application for Flavocide in the two key insecticide control methods used:
 - 1) Insecticide treated bed nets
 - 2) Indoor residual sprays

	Mosquito Species			
	Aedes sp.	Anopheles sp.	Culex sp.	
Organochlorines	×	×	×	Discover
Organophosphates	×	×	×	Discover
Pyrethroids	×	×	×	Discover
Carbamates	×	×	×	Discover
Flavocide	~	✓	~	New Che

Legend

Resistance recorded

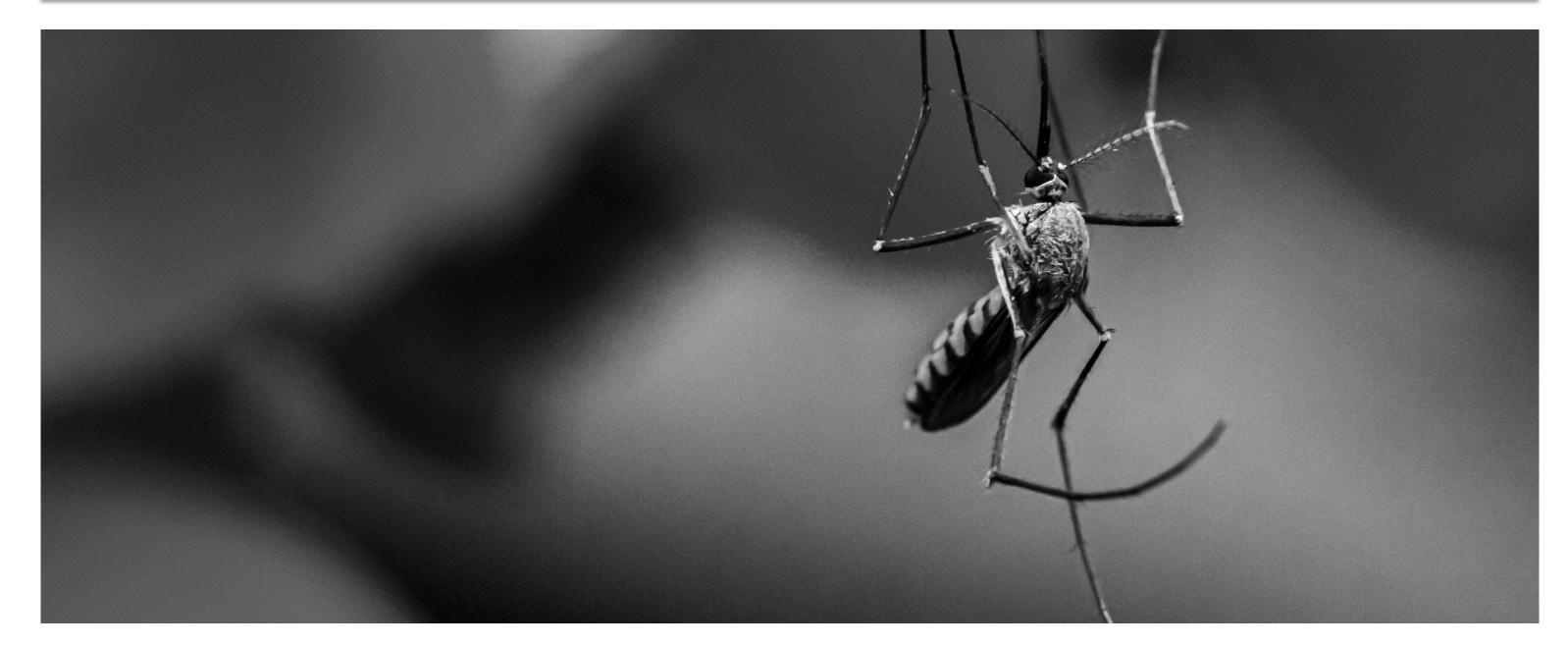
Efficacy confirmed

Purdue collective trial results

This latest trial highlighted a major discovery in the control of resistant Malaria-carrying mosquitoes

This adds to previous work on other species that are vectors of other global vector-borne diseases

Bio-Gene now holds a completed suite of mosquito data



Flavocide data set relating to mosquito vector control is compelling:

- a) Efficacy: confirmed activity against resistant strains of Anopheles gambiae (malaria), Aedes aegypti (Dengue and Zika) and Culex pipiens (West Nile, Ross River)
- b) Toxicity to Non-targets: A substantially lower level of toxicity on bees and other beneficial insects
- c) Mode of Action: Confirmed an activity profile unique & different from that of other known insecticides
- d) Intervention Method: Confirmed that Flavocide can be delivered via residual sprays as well as treated nets

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BIO-GENE TECHNOLOGY

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